

Let's talk about sexual health.

Sexual health is a state of well-beingin relation to sexuality across the life span that involves physical, motional, mental, social, and spiritual dimentions. Sexual health is an intrinsic element of human health and is based on a positive, equitable, and respectful approach to sexuality, relationships, and reproduction, that is free of coercion, fear, discrimination, stigma, shame, and violence. It includes: the ability to understand the benefits, risks, and responsibilities of sexual behavior; the prevention and care of disease and other adverse outcomes; and the possibility of fulfilling sexual relationships.

A complete resource for reproductive and sexual health.

Visit our website at www.med.navy.mil/sites/nmcphc/ health-promotion/reproductive-sexual-health/Pages/ reproductive-and-sexual-health.aspx to find tools on: Đ Sexual Health and Responsibility Program (SHARP)

- > Contraception and Family Planning
- > HIV and STI-Free Living
- > Clinical and Programmatic Guidance
- > Reestablishing Intimacy After an Injury



To learn how our resources and tools can help keep you fit for service and improve your overall health, visit us at WWW.MED.NAVY.MIL/SITES/ NMCPHC/HEALTH-PROMOTION



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Reproductive and Sexual Health Overview







NAVY AND MARINE <u>CORPS PUBLIC HEALTH CENTER</u> PREVENTION AND PROTECTION START HERE

Sexuality and health.

Intimacy and responsible sex can be wonderful; thoughtful decisions and planning can help make these experiences positive. Engaging in risky sexual behavior can result in sexually transmitted infections (STIs), like HIV, or unintended pregnancies. That's why the Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center Health Promotion and Wellness Department works to promote healthy relationships and prevent undesired outcomes among Sailors and Marines. We offer practical tools, educational resources, and prevention strategies that can help you reconnect and remain sexually and reproductively healthy.

Protect yourself.

It's important to practice safe sex for your health. Risky sexual behavior has serious consequences in the Navy and Marine Corps. Between 1985 and 2018, at least 6,200 active duty Sailors and Marines were infected with HIV.(1) In 2018, over 9,900 cases of chlamydia, gonorrhea, or syphilis were diagnosed among active duty Sailors and Marines.(2) Condoms can be used along with other forms of birth control to reduce the risk of an unintended pregnancy and prevent STIs. In 2017, about half (45%) of Navy enlisted women said her last

pregnancy while in the Navy was unplanned.(3) Of those who experienced an unplanned pregnancy, half said that they were not using any form of birth control when the pregnancy occurred. Among the women who were using contraception at the time of their unplanned pregnancy, about half were using birth control pills. Oral contraceptives can be an effective method to prevent unintended pregnancy, when used correctly. However, other available contraceptive methods, such as IUDs and hormonal implants, are even more reliable and effective.

1. Navy Bloodborne Infection Management Center, Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center. DoN HIV Seroconversion -2018. Unpublished data; Mar 2019.

- 2. Navy Marine Corps Public Health Center. Sexually Transmitted Infections Annual Report 2018. March 2019.
- 3. 2018 Navy Personal and Professional Choices Survey. OPNAV N1D. Unpublished communications with NMCPHC 7 July 2018

Be sexually healthy.

The good news is that STIs, HIV, and unplanned pregnancies are mostly preventable if you practice safe sex. The following options can reduce your risk:

- > Get vaccinated against Human Papillomavirus (HPV).
- > Say no to sex or delay sex until another time in your life.
- > Establish and be faithful in a long-term, mutuallymonogamous relationship.
- > Talk with your doctor about the most effective contraception options for your lifestyle and needs.
- > Use your chosen birth control correctly.
- > Use condoms correctly and every time.
- > Talk with your doctor about routine screening for early detection of HIV, chlamydia, and other STIs.

> Use a buddy system when going out to prevent alcohol and sex related incidents

Sometimes, unplanned things happen.

Sometimes, unplanned things do happen. Act fast within 72 hours:

> If you think your birth control might not have worked, emergency contraceptive pills can prevent a pregnancy from occurring.

> If you think you may have been exposed to HIV, HIV postexposure prophylaxis can reduce the risk of infection.

For assistance regarding your sexual health, contact your health care provider or visit your military treatment facility.



